

An Assessment of the Monitoring Practices of European National Anti-Doping Organizations (NADOs)

**Play the Game 2017
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Background

- Follow up on 2011 "Adverse Analyzing"
- Athletes can only support legal, effective and proportionate anti-doping system
- Anti-doping requires sacrifices from athletes so need for highest standards
- Accountability and transparency requires reporting in a way that is accessible and understandable
- Analyze reports from NADOs (CoE and Belarus) and WADA, following art. 14.4 WADC
- 2013, 2014, 2015
- Research phase closed in July 2017

Availability of the reports

Total # of States	# of NADOs	# of NADOs with a website	# of NADOs with reports available for 2013, 2014 and 2015	# of NADOs with reports available for 2013, 2014 and 2015 in WADA official language
48	51	48 (94%)	28 (55%)	13 (25%)

	2013 report available	2013 in WADA language version	2014 report available	2014 in WADA language version	2015 report available	2015 in WADA language version
TOTAL:	34	21	33	20	30	16

Content

The annual reports were analysed for the following categories

- **Tests:** Total # of tests, Blood tests (%), Urine tests (%), In-competition (%)
Out of competition (%)
- **Anti-doping Rule Violations:** Total # (% of tests), Analytical (%), Others (%)
- **Substance:** information about substances detected, # of cannabis (%)
- **Registered Testing Pool:** # of athletes in RTP, # of whereabouts failures resulting in ADRV (%)
- **Sports:** Information about sports tested, sports where ADRV were most frequent (%)
- **Therapeutic Use Exemptions:** # of requests, # of TUEs granted (%)
- **Sanctions:** Information about athlete's name, information about type of sanction imposed
- **Athlete Biological Passport:** Information about ABP, # of Athletes concerned

Content

The majority of NADOs reports present fragmented data. Amongst the 30 reports available for 2015:

- 17 include a complete information about anti-doping controls conducted;
- 21 include a complete information about ADRV detected;
- 8 include a complete information related to RTP;
- 10 include information about TUE requested and granted;
- 12 include information related to ABP.

22 States (NADOs)	Total # of tests	Total # of ADRV	%
TOTAL:	56,176	406	0,7%

ADRVs in Europe 2015

WADA reports

- Anti-Doping Testing Figures - which includes ABP Report, Laboratory Report, Sport Report, Testing Authority Report and ABP Report: AAFs and ATF (many AAFs and ATFs do not result in a violation)
- ADRV Report 2013, 2014, 2015

2015:

- Total of 229,412 samples received and analyzed in WADA-accredited laboratories
- Total of 1,929 ADRVs (0,8% ratio: ADRVs/total samples)
- 1,649 analytical ADRVs (0,7% ratio: analytical ADRVs/total samples)
- 390 OOC (24% of analytical) and 1,259 IC (76% of analytical)
- Total of 280 non-analytical ADRVs (14% of total ADRVs)

Conclusions

- A substantial number number of European NADO's remain non-compliant with Article 14.4. of the WADC
- Incomplete reporting and various reporting practices from NADOs
- Inadequate reporting from EE RADO
- WADA is not adequately monitoring the implementation of the WADC
- Testing remains extremely inefficient in terms of a very small number of violations (ADRVs) resulting from a large number of tests
- The inefficiency of out-of-competition testing could not be assessed at the European or global level
- Contact information for NADOs is not kept up to date on the WADA website

Recommendations

1) Reporting

- Standardized reporting with compulsory categories to include and clear guidelines
- Available in English or French
- Annual deadline for publication
- Links on WADA website

2) Anti-doping policies

- Research needed on invasive elements of anti-doping (whereabouts, OOC testing, ABP)
- Monitoring of the prevalence of doping in sport – to assess progress
- Monitoring of ADOs performance – what makes a national anti-doping organization effective ?



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